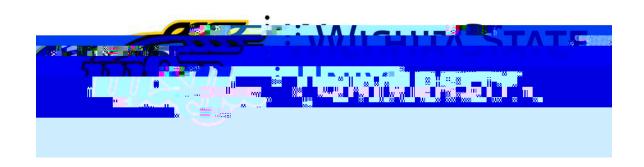
# Effect of Plus-Minus Grades on Graduation with Academic Distinction for Engineering Students at Wichita State University



Roy Myose, Elizabeth Rollins, Klaus Hoffmann, Department of Aerospace Engineering

Kimberly Engber, and Sarah Myose Cohen Honors College

#### **Presentation Outline**

Background on grade inflation and plus-minus grading Methodology used in this study

University-wide results of graduation with distinction

Grade distribution for courses university-wide under whole-letter grade system

Grade distribution for engineering courses under whole-letter and plus-minus grading systems

Results of graduation with distinction by discipline Summary & future work

#### Background on Grade Inflation

Stuart Rojstaczer (<u>www.gradeinflation.com</u>) has collected grade inflation trend over the last 50 years

o Dataset includes 170 schools

Grade of C was most common grade until the Vietnam war (draft deferment effect thereafter)

Grade of A is now the most common grade

#### Background on Trend toward Adopting Plus-minus Grading System

Whole-letter grade (A, B, C, D, F) system was prevalent before grade inflation began

Many universities since the 1990s have implemented plus-minus (+/-) grading system (with A, A-, B+, etc.)

o Number of schools using +/- grading system\*: 36% in 1992, 56% in 2002, and 63% in 2014

Key motivator: a belief that +/- system will reverse grade inflation and student performance will be better differentiated\*\*

Publicly available grade information is not easily accessible, but grade inflation is also present at Wichita State Univ (WSU)\*\*\*

o Registrar stated in 2004 that A is most prevalent grade

References: \*AACRAO (Registrars Assoc); \*\*Morgan et al, 2007; \*\*\*WSU registrar, 2004

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### Background on Effect of Plus-minus Grades on GPA / Motivation

Reports in literature about the effect of +/- grading on GPA are somewhat mixed

- o Many report no difference in mean overall GPA
- o Hypothesized explanation: grades with pluses probably cancel minuses over the course of a student's academic career

Most reports recognize that there would be a small deflationary effect on students in the top A grade bracket

This leads to a two-fold motivation for the present study:

- 1) How does +/- grading affect the top A-level students?
- 2) Are there differences by discipline, from effect of +/- grading?

#### Further Background & Methodology

Plus-minus grading implemented at WSU since the fall of 2009

Graduation with honors has remained the same under +/- grading

- o Summa Cum Laude (SCL) honors require a GPA of 3.90
- o Magna Cum Laude (MCL) honors require a GPA of 3.55
- o Cum Laude (CL) honors require a GPA of 3.25

Although wide in GPA range, the number of honors graduates in each category is a proxy for distribution of student GPAs

- o Publicly available commencement brochures were used to determine the number of graduates in each honors category
- o Five year periods before +/- grades (fall 2002 to spring 07) and after +/- grades (spring 2014 to fall 18) were considered



### Grade Distribution in Classes with Whole-letter Grades

Distribution of grades for individual classes at WSU (fall 2003)

- Lower Division with 2.78 GPA
- Upper Division with 3.12 GPA
- Average of two(® 2.95 GPA)

National average\*

WSU ave is similar to National ave



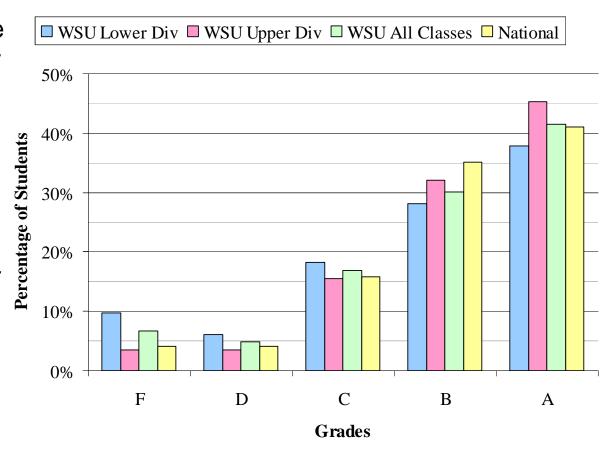
### Grade Distribution in Classes with Whole-letter Grades

Higher GPA with more A's & B's for upper div than for lower div Distribution is **not** symmetric "Bell" shaped (Gaussian)

- o Mean shifted right
- o Left tail does not diminish – number of F's > D's

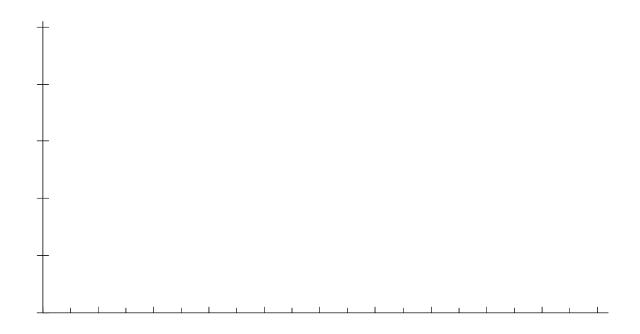
Distribution with +/grades not available

® look at actual
distribution for 1st
author's classes





### Score Distribution of 1<sup>st</sup> Author's Aerospace Engineering Courses



#### Statistics for courses under whole-letter grades (2002-09)

Category	# Students	# per class	Ave Score & S.D.	GPA
Sophomore Year	471	36	79 <u>+</u> 17	2.51
Junior Year	529	44	80 <u>+</u> 13	2.85
Overall Average	1000	40	80 <u>+</u> 14	2.70

Statistics for courses under +/- grading (2009-14)

				GPA
Sophomore Year	471	47	76 <u>+</u> 15	2.23
Junior Year	549	61	81 <u>+</u> 11	2.68
Overall Average	1020	54	79 <u>+</u> 13	2.48

#### Lower level class GPA < upper level class GPA

Category	# Students	# per class	Ave Score & S.D.	GPA
Sophomore Year	471	36	79 <u>+</u> 17	2.51
Junior Year	529	44	80 <u>+</u> 13	2.85
Overall Average	1000	40	80 <u>+</u> 14	2.70

#### for both whole-letter grade and +/- grade, respectively

Category	# Students	# per class	Ave Score & S.D.	GPA
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Standard deviation narrows for +/- grades – possible cause?

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Overall Average	1020	54	79 <u>+</u> 13	2.48

Could change to +/- grades cause this difference?

Category	# Students	# per class	Ave Score & S.D.	GPA
Sophomore Year	471	36	79 <u>+</u> 17	2.51
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Overall Average	1000	40	80 <u>+</u> 14	2.70

Convert to whole-letter grades & re-calculate GPAs ® no change

Category	# Students	# per class	Ave Score & S.D.	GPA
Sophomore Year	471	47	76 <u>+</u> 15 2.22	<b>¬</b> 2.23
Junior Year	549	61	81 <u>+</u> 11 2.69	<b>¬</b> 2.68
Overall Average	1020	54	79 <u>+</u> 13	<b>¬</b> 2.48

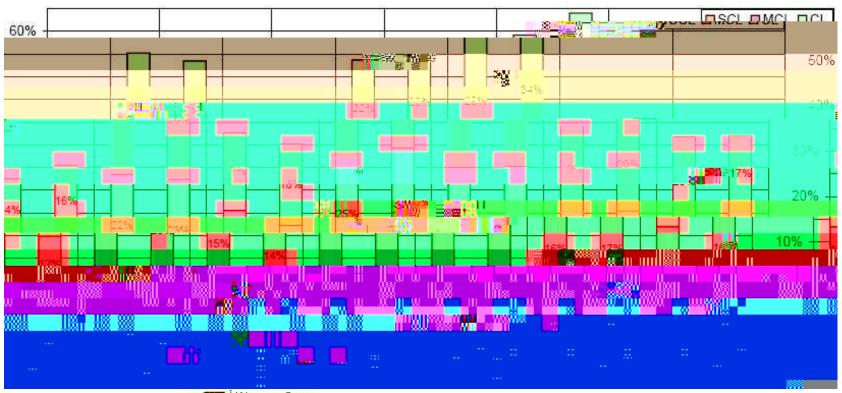
#### Recent (+/- grade) class size larger ® likely cause of GPA -

Category	# Students	#	# per class	Ave Score & S.D.	GPA
Sophomore Year	471		36	79 <u>+</u> 17	2.51
Junior Year	529		<b>4</b> 4	80 <u>+</u> 13	2.85
Overall Average	1000		40 🛕	80 <u>+</u> 14	2.70

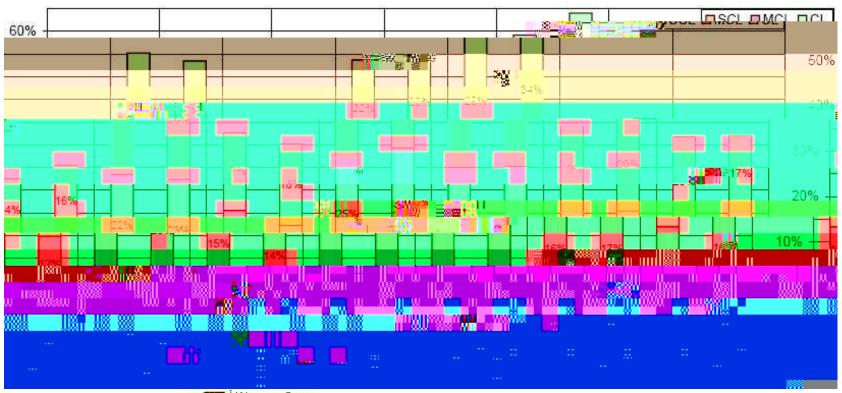
#### o Topic for future paper

Category	# Students	#	per cla	ss	Ave Score & S.D.	GPA
Sophomore Year	471	<b>\</b>	47		76 <u>+</u> 15	2.23
Junior Year	549		<b>6</b> 1		81 <u>+</u> 11	2.68
Overall Average	1020		54	<b>*</b>	79 <u>+</u> 13	2.48

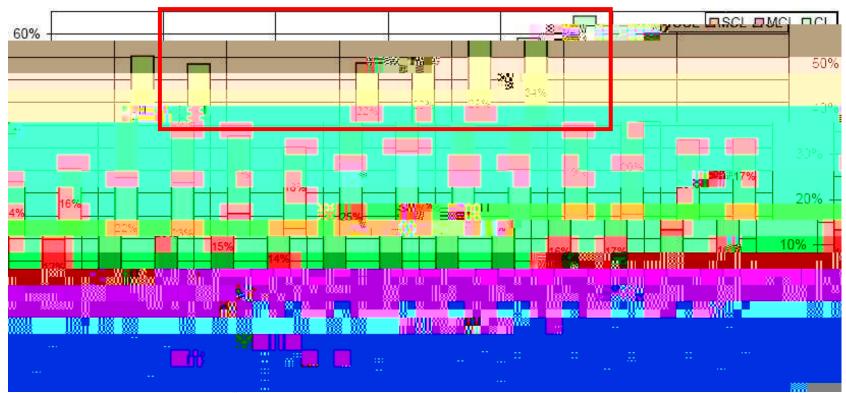
Results by discipline: whole-letter grade on left & +/- grade on right SCL = orange (bottom), MCL = pink (middle), CL = green (top)



Comparing across disciplines is not meaningful because of differing requirements



- o Example 1: Education & Health Professions requires GPA>2.5
- o Example 2: Fine Arts requires passing sophomore review



Most disciplines increased number of graduates with distinction Finer details & observations easier to see from tabular results



### Change in Number of Graduates with Academic Distinction by Discipline

Table gives amount of change: those under whole-letter grade minus1t4ose197n< 1498/a89-

## Change in Number of Graduates with Academic Distinction by Discipline

Number of SCL decreased for almost every discipline

o Only exception is Liberal Arts B.S.

Discipline	SCL	MCL	CL	SCL+MCL+CL
Business	-0.7%	+2.2%	+1.4%	+2.9%
Education (now Applied Studies)	-1.5%	+0.3%	-0.6%	-1.8%
Engineering	-2.1%	-1.2%	+0.8%	-2.9%
Fine Arts	-0.4%	+2.5%	-1.2%	+0.9%
Health Professions	-0.6%	+0.9%	+4.6%	+4.9%
Liberal Arts B.A.	-0.6%	+0.9%	+1.4%	+1.7%
Liberal Arts B.S.	+0.8%	+2.4%	-3.0%	+0.2%
Entire University	-0.5%	+2.1%	+2.1%	+3.5%

## Change in Number of Graduates with Academic Distinction by Discipline

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Business	-0.7%	+2.2%	+1.4%	+2.9%
Education (now Applied Studies)	-1.5%	+0.3%	-0.6%	-1.8%
Engineering	-2.1%	-1.2%	+0.8%	-2.9%
Fine Arts	-0.4%	+2.5%	-1.2%	+0.9%
Health Professions	-0.6%	+0.9%	+4.6%	+4.9%
Liberal Arts B.A.	-0.6%	+0.9%	+1.4%	+1.7%
Liberal Arts B.S.	+0.8%	+2.4%	-3.0%	+0.2%
Entire University	-0.5%	+2.1%	+2.1%	+3.5%



## Change in Number of Graduates with Academic Distinction by Discipline

Discipline	SCL	MCL	CL	SCL+MCL+CL
Business	-0.7%	+2.2%	+1.4%	+2.9%
Education (now Applied Studies)	-1.5%	+0.3%	-0.6%	-1.8%
Engineering	-2.1%	-1.2%	+0.8%	-2.9%
Fine Arts	-0.4%	+2.5%	-1.2%	+0.9%

#### Summary

Effect of +/- grading system on graduation with academic distinction was considered

 Data sets consisted of five-year periods when whole-letter grades were used and for a similar period under +/- grading

Overall, the number of *summa cum laudes* decreased with +/- grading while the number of graduates in other distinction categories increased In engineering, there was a decrease in *summa* and *magna cum laudes* without a corresponding increase in *cum laudes* 

Actual grade distributions in Engineering classes were also considered

- o Increased class size appeared to affect student performance
- o This is a topic for future study